

## Native Crotalus durissus venom L-Amino Acid Oxidase

Cat. No. NATE-0368

Lot. No. (See product label)

### Introduction

**Description** In enzymology, an L-amino acid oxidase (LAAO) (EC 1.4.3.2) is an enzyme that catalyzes the chemical reaction: an L-amino acid + H<sub>2</sub>O + O<sub>2</sub> ↔ a 2-oxo acid + NH<sub>3</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>. The enzyme was first described in 1944 by A. Zeller and A. Maritz. Not only are LAAOs quite variable in terms of molecular mass, they also vary widely regarding stability. In a similar vein, this enzyme performs in a myriad of biological activities including apoptosis-induction, edema-induction, hemorrhaging, and inhibition or induction of platelet aggregation.

**Applications** L-amino acid oxidase (LAAO) is used to convert L-amino acids to their corresponding α-keto acids. This product is from Crotalus durissus venom. L-amino acid oxidase, from Creative Enzymes, has been used in leucine aminopeptidase (LAP) activity assays

**Synonyms** L-amino acid oxidase; LAAO; L-AAO; EC 1.4.3.2; 9000-89-9; ophio-amino-acid oxidase; L-amino-acid:oxygen oxidoreductase (deaminating)

### Product Information

**Source** Crotalus durissus venom

**Form** ammonium sulfate suspension; Suspension in 3.2 M (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> pH approx. 6

**EC Number** EC 1.4.3.2

**CAS No.** 9000-89-9

**Activity** 3-8 units/mg protein

**Unit Definition** One unit will oxidatively deaminate 1.0 μmole of L-phenylalanine per min at pH 6.5 at 37°C. (L-Leucine is deaminated at the same rate at pH 7.8 at 37°C.)

### Usage and Packaging

**Package** Package size based on protein content

### Storage and Shipping Information

**Storage** 2-8°C