

## **Native Staphylococcus aureus Nuclease micrococcal**

Cat. No. NATE-0452

Lot. No. (See product label)

## Introduction

**Description** Micrococcal Nuclease is an endo-exonuclease that preferentially digests single-stranded nucleic acids.

The rate of cleavage is 30 times greater at the 5' side of A or T than at G or C and results in the production of mononucleotides and oligonucleotides with terminal 3'-phosphates. The enzyme is also

active against double-stranded DNA and RNA and all sequences will be ultimately cleaved.

*Applications* Nuclease from Staphyl oc occus aureus has been used in a study to assess coagulase and heat-resistant

strains found in animals. It has also been used in a study to investigate the expression characteristic of

two genes in S. aureus that encode two thermostable nucleases.

**Synonyms** Micrococcal Nuclease; EC 3.1.31.1; spleen endonuclease; thermonuclease; nuclease T; micrococcal

endonuclease; nuclease T'; staphylococcal nuclease; spleen phosphodiesterase; Staphylococcus aureus nuclease; Staphylococcus aureus nuclease B; ribonucleate (deoxynucleate) 3'-nucleotidohydrolase;

9013-53-0; Endonuclease micrococcal; MNase

## **Product Information**

**Source** Staphylococcus aureus

**EC Number** EC 3.1.31.1

**CAS No.** 9013-53-0

Activity 100-300 units/mg protein

Unit One unit will produce 1.0 μmole of acid soluble polynucleotides from native DNA per min at pH 8.8 at

**Definition**  $37^{\circ}$ C, based on EM/260 = 10 kDa for the mixed nucleotides.

## Storage and Shipping Information

*Storage* −20°C

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