

6-Phosphogluconic Dehydrogenase from Microorganism

Cat. No. NATE-1937

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description In enzymology, a phosphogluconate dehydrogenase (decarboxylating) (EC 1.1.1.44) is an enzyme that

catalyzes the chemical reaction:6-phospho-D-gluconate + NADP+↔ D-ribulose 5-phosphate + CO2 + NADPH. Thus, the two substRates of this enzyme are 6-phospho-D-gluconate and NADP+, whereas its 3 products are D-ribulose 5-phosphate, CO2, and NADPH. This enzyme belongs to the family of oxidoreductases, specifically those acting on the CH-OH group of donor with NAD+ or NADP+ as

acceptor.

Synonyms 6-Phosphogluconic Dehydrogenase; phosphogluconic acid dehydrogenase; 6-phosphogluconic

dehydrogenase; 6-phosphogluconic carboxylase; 6-phosphogluconate dehydrogenase (decarboxylating); 6-phospho-D-gluconate dehydrogenase; EC 1.1.1.44; phosphogluconate

dehydrogenase; decarboxylating; 9073-95-4

Product Information

Source Microorganism

Form Lyophilized

EC Number EC 1.1.1.44

Molecular ca. 132,000

Weight

Activity >40 U/mg protein

Contaminants (as 6PGDH activity = 100 %) Glucokinase < 0.01 % Phosphoglucomutase < 0.01 % Hexose-6-

phosphate isomerase < 0.01 % Glutathione reductase < 0.01 %

Isoelectric

point

ca. 4.5

pH Stability 5.0 - 10.0

Optimum pH 7.0 - 7.5

Thermal

(50 mM MES-NaOH buffer, pH 6.8, containing 0.5 M KCl) No detectable decrease in activity up to 40 °C.

stability

Michaelis Constant (80 mM Glycylglycine buffer, pH 7.5, at 30 °C) 6-Phospho-D-gluconate, 0.95 mM NAD+, 0.32 mM

Activators Mg2+, Mn2+, Ca2+, K+, Na+

Inhibitors Fructose 1,6-bisphosphate, Erythrose 4-phosphate, NADH

Stabilizers KCI, MgCl2, Sorbitol, BSA

Unit One unit of activity is defined as the amount of 6PGDH that forms 1 μmol of NADH per minute at 30 °C.

Definition

Storage and Shipping Information

Stable at -20 °C for at least six months

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