

Alcohol Dehydrogenase (NADP+ dependent) from Entamoeba species, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1590

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description NADP-dependent isopropanol dehydrogenase belongs to the superfamily of alcohol dehydrogenases with a

preference for medium chain secondary alcohols, such as 2- butanol and isopropanol, while it has low activity with primary alcohols, such as ethanol. Under physiological conditions, the enzyme reduces aldehydes and 2-ketones to produce secondary alcohols. It is also active with acetaldehyde and

propionaldehyde.

Synonyms EC 1.1.1.2; Aromatic Alcohol Dehydrogenase; Alcohol:NADP+ oxidoreductase; AKR1A1; ALDR1; ALR; ARM;

DD3; HEL-S-6; aldehyde reductase; aldo-keto reductase family 1 member A1; alcohol dehydrogenase (NADP+); aldehyde reductase (NADPH2); NADP-alcohol dehydrogenase; NADP+-aldehyde reductase; NADP+-dependent aldehyde reductase; NADPH-aldehyde reductase; NADPH-dependent aldehyde reductase; NADPH-aldehyde red

aldehyde reductase; alcohol dehydrogenase (NADP)

Product Information

Species Entamoeba species

Source E. coli

Form Liquid, 1 mg/mL solution in 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 100 mM NaCl and 50% glycerol

Molecular Weight ~40.9 kDa (SDS-PAGE)

Purity > 95% by SDS-PAGE

Activity > 60U/mg

Unit One unit is the amount of enzyme that will generate 1.0 μ mole of NADPH per minute at pH 8 at 37°C.

Definition

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage Aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles.

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