

## Native Pseudomonas sp. Glucose dehydrogenase

Cat. No. NATE-0305

Lot. No. (See product label)

### Introduction

#### Description

In enzymology, a glucose 1-dehydrogenase (EC 1.1.1.47) is an enzyme that catalyzes the chemical reaction:  $\beta\text{-D-glucose} + \text{NAD (P)}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{D-glucono-1,5-lactone} + \text{NAD (P)H} + \text{H}^+$ . The 3 substrates of this enzyme are  $\beta\text{-D-glucose}$ ,  $\text{NAD}^+$ , and  $\text{NADP}^+$ , whereas its 4 products are D-glucono-1,5-lactone, NADH, NADPH, and  $\text{H}^+$ . This enzyme belongs to the family of oxidoreductases, specifically those acting on the CH-OH group of donor with  $\text{NAD}^+$  or  $\text{NADP}^+$  as acceptor.

#### Synonyms

EC 1.1.1.47; D-glucose dehydrogenase (NAD (P)<sup>+</sup>); hexose phosphate dehydrogenase;  $\beta\text{-D-glucose:NAD (P)}^+$  1-oxidoreductase; glucose 1-dehydrogenase; Glucose dehydrogenase; 9028-53-9

### Product Information

#### Source

Pseudomonas sp.

#### Form

powder; white

#### EC Number

EC 1.1.1.47

#### CAS No.

9028-53-9

#### Activity

> 200 units/mg

#### Unit Definition

One unit corresponds to the amount of enzyme which will oxidizes 1  $\mu\text{mole}$   $\beta\text{-D-glucose}$  to D-glucono- $\delta$ -lactone per minute at pH 8.0 and 37°C

### Storage and Shipping Information

#### Storage

-20°C