

Native Escherichia coli L-Glutamine Synthetase

Cat. No. NATE-0321

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description

Glutamine synthetase (GS) (EC 6.3.1.2) is an enzyme that plays an essential role in the metabolism of nitrogen by catalyzing the condensation of glutamate and ammonia to form glutamine: $\text{Glutamate} + \text{ATP} + \text{NH}_3 \rightarrow \text{Glutamine} + \text{ADP} + \text{phosphate}$. Glutamine Synthetase uses ammonia produced by Nitrate reduction, amino acid degradation, and photorespiration. The amide group of glutamate is a nitrogen source for the synthesis of glutamine pathway metabolites.

Applications

L-Glutamine synthetase may be used for the purification of proteases from Escherichia coli.

Synonyms

glutamine synthetase; glutamylhydroxamic synthetase; L-glutamine synthetase; glutamate-ammonia ligase; L-Glutamate:ammonia ligase (ADP-forming); EC 6.3.1.2; GS; 9023-70-5

Product Information

Source

Escherichia coli

Form

lyophilized powder; Contains potassium phosphate, sodium Citrate and magnesium acetate buffer salts

EC Number

EC 6.3.1.2

CAS No.

9023-70-5

Purity

affinity chromatography

Activity

400-2,000 units/mg protein

Buffer

H2O: soluble 0.95-1.05 mg/mL, clear to hazy

Pathway

Alanine, aspartate and glutamate metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Arginine and proline metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Metabolic pathways, organism-specific biosystem

Unit Definition

One unit will convert 1.0 μmole of L-glutamate to L-glutamine in 15 min at pH 7.1 at 37°C.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage

-20°C