Creative Enzymes®

Native Porcine L-Lactic Dehydrogenase

Cat. No. NATE-0412

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description	A lactate dehydrogenase (LDH or LD) is an enzyme found in nearly all living cells (animals, plants, and prokaryotes). LDH catalyzes the conversion of pyruvate to lactate and back, as it converts NADH to NAD+ and back. A dehydrogenase is an enzyme that transfers a hydride from one molecule to another.
Synonyms	EC 1.1.1.27; 9001-60-9; lactic acid dehydrogenase; L (+)-nLDH; L-(+)-lactate dehydrogenase; L-lactic dehydrogenase; L-lactic acid dehydrogenase; lactate dehydrogenase; lactate dehydrogenase NAD-dependent; lactic dehydrogenase; NAD-lactate dehydrogenase; L-lactate dehydrogenase; (S)-Lactate:NAD+ oxidoreductase; L-LDH; LAD; LD; Lactate

Product Information

Species	Porcine
Source	Porcine heart
Form	ammonium sulfate suspension; Suspension in ammonium sulfate and 0.1 M potassium phosphate, pH 7.0
EC Number	EC 1.1.1.27
CAS No.	9001-60-9
Activity	>90%. (>200U/mL)
Function	L-lactate dehydrogenase activity
Unit Definition	One unit will reduce 1.0 µmole of pyruvate to L-lactate per min at pH 7.5 at 37°C.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage	2-8°C