

Native Pseudomonas sp. p-Hydroxybenzoate Hydroxylase

Cat. No. NATE-0564

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description

In enzymology, a 4-hydroxybenzoate 3-monooxygenase (EC 1.14.13.2) is an enzyme that catalyzes the chemical reaction: 4-hydroxybenzoate + NADPH + H⁺ + O₂ ⇌ protocatechuate + NADP⁺ + H₂O. The 4 substrates of this enzyme are 4-hydroxybenzoate, NADPH, H⁺, and O₂, whereas its 3 products are protocatechuate, NADP⁺, and H₂O. This enzyme belongs to the family of oxidoreductases, specifically those acting on paired donors, with O₂ as oxidant and incorporation or reduction of oxygen. The oxygen incorporated need not be derived from O₂ with NADH or NADPH as one donor, and incorporation of one atom of oxygen into the other donor.

Applications

This enzyme is useful for enzymatic determination of choline esterase when coupled with protocatechuate 3, 4-dioxygenase.

Synonyms

p-hydroxybenzoate hydrolyase; p-hydroxybenzoate hydroxylase; 4-hydroxybenzoate 3-hydroxylase; 4-hydroxybenzoate monooxygenase; 4-hydroxybenzoic hydroxylase; p-hydroxybenzoate-3-hydroxylase; p-hydroxybenzoic acid hydrolase; p-hydroxybenzoic acid hydroxylase; p-hydroxybenzoic hydroxylase; EC 1.14.13.2; 9059-23-8

Product Information

Source

Pseudomonas sp.

Form

lyophilized powder; Contains mannitol and stabilizers

EC Number

EC 1.14.13.2

CAS No.

9059-23-8

Molecular Weight

mol wt 55~60 kDa

Activity

~20 units/mg solid

pH Stability

pH 5.0-7.5 (25°C, 72hr)

Optimum pH

7.7-7.9

Thermal stability

below 40°C (pH 6.0, 15min)

Optimum temperature

35°C

Michaelis Constant

2.0 x 10⁻⁵M (p-Hydroxybenzoate), 4.0 x 10⁻⁵M (NADPH)

Structure

One mol of FAD per mol of enzyme

Inhibitors

Ag⁺, Hg⁺⁺, PCMB, SDS

Unit Definition

One unit will hydroxylate 1.0 μmole of p-hydroxybenzoate to protocatechuate per min at pH 8.2 at 37°C in the presence of NADPH.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage

-20°C

