

## Mutant Alanine Racemase Y354N from *Geobacillus stearothermophilus*, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1639

Lot. No. (See product label)

### Introduction

#### Description

Mutant Alanine Racemase (Y354N) (mAR-Y354N), a pyridoxal 5-phosphate (PLP) dependent enzyme catalyzes the interconversion of the L-Serine to D-Serine. In WT Alanine Racemase Tyr354 plays a crucial role in defining the strict specificity of AR for alanine, in converting L-Alanine to D-Alanine, which is an important component of the peptidoglycan layer of bacterial cell wall. By mutating the active site Tyr 354 to Asn, the specificity of the enzyme changes and it becomes a racemase with dual specificity for L- Alanine and L-Serine.

#### Applications

Mutant Alanine racemase Y354N can be used to convert L-serine to D-serine and L-Alanine to D-Alanine.

#### Synonyms

Alanine Racemase Y354N; alr; dal

### Product Information

#### Species

*Geobacillus stearothermophilus*

#### Source

*E. coli* and fused to His-tag at N-terminus

#### Form

Lyophilized

#### Formulation

1 mg/ml in 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 100 mM NaCl and 10% glycerol.

#### EC Number

EC 5.1.1.1

#### Molecular Weight

43 kDa

#### Purity

> 99% by SDS-PAGE

#### Activity

> 50 mU/mg

#### Unit Definition

One unit enzyme converts 1  $\mu$ mole of L-serine into D-serine per minute at 37°C and pH 7.4 in the presence of pyridoxal phosphate.

### Usage and Packaging

#### Reconstitution

Reconstitute enzyme in 50 mM phosphate buffer, pH 7.4.

### Storage and Shipping Information

#### Storage

Reconstituted enzyme can be stored in working aliquots at -20°C and use within 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.