

## HIV-2 Protease, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1661

Lot. No. (See product label)

### Introduction

**Description** HIV-2 Protease, an aspartyl protease (retropepsin), is essential for the life-cycle of HIV-2 sub-type virus. It is expressed in the infected cells as a part of Gag-Pol polyprotein from which it is auto-catalytically released after formation of an immature viral particle. The enzyme subsequently cleaves the other parts of viral polyproteins resulting in the maturation of the virus. In HIV-infected patients, the enzyme is subjected to intensive mutagenesis and mutants resistant to applied medicines are produced as a result of the selection pressure. The mutation of HIV protease's active site or inhibition of its activity disrupts HIV's ability to replicate and infect additional cells. HIV-2 has been found to be less pathogenic than HIV-1. The mechanism of HIV-2 is not clearly defined, nor the difference from HIV-1, however the transmission rate is much lower in HIV-2 than HIV-1.

**Synonyms** HIV-2 retropepsin; HIV-2 Protease (PR2); cd05482

### Product Information

**Source** E. coli

**Form** Liquid

**EC Number** EC 3.4.23.-

**Molecular Weight** 38.3 kDa (1-99 aa + N-terminal GST and C-terminal Poly-his tags). It runs at ~31.5 kDa during SEC and SDS-PAGE analyses.

**Purity** > 85%

### Storage and Shipping Information

**Storage** Store at -80°C

**Stability** Stable for at least 6 months as supplied. It can be further diluted to 0.5-1 mg/ml with 50 mM Sodium acetate, 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM DTT, 5 mM EDTA, pH 5.0 containing 10% glycerol, and stored at -80°C in aliquots. Do not keep the enzyme at 4°C or -20°C for extended time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.