

## **Native Human Lactate Dehydrogenase**

Cat. No. NATE-1680

Lot. No. (See product label)

## Introduction

**Description** A lactate dehydrogenase (LDH or LD) is an enzyme found in nearly all living cells

(animals, plants, and prokaryotes). LDH catalyzes the conversion of pyruvate to lactate and back, as it converts NADH to NAD+ and back. A dehydrogenase is an

enzyme that transfers a hydride from one molecule to another.

Synonyms EC 1.1.1.27; 9001-60-9; lactate dehydrogenase; LDH; LD; (S)-Lactate:NAD+

oxidoreductase, L-LDH; LAD; L-Lactic Dehydrogenase; lactic acid dehydrogenase; L (+)-nLDH; L-(+)-lactate dehydrogenase; L-lactic acid dehydrogenase; lactate

dehydrogenase NAD-dependent; lactic dehydrogenase; NAD-lactate dehydrogenase

1/1

## **Product Information**

**Species** Human

**Source** Human Heart

**Form** Ammonium sulfate suspension

**EC Number** EC 1.1.1.27

**CAS No.** 9001-60-9

**Activity** 350 U/mg protein

**Concentration** 10 mg/ml

**Soluble** in distilled water or dilute buffer

Unit Definition The amount of enzyme which will reduce one micromole of pyruvate to L-lactate

per minute at 25°C in 0.1 M phosphate buffer at pH 7.0.

## Storage and Shipping Information

**Store** at 4° C; Do not freeze

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