

Glycerol-3-Phosphate Dehydrogenase from E. coli, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1904

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description α -glycerophosphate dehydrogenase catalyzes the conversion of dihydroxyacetone to glycerol phosphate.

Applications The enzyme is useful for enzymatic determination of glycerol and triglyceride when coupled with glycerokinase.

Synonyms α -glycerol phosphate dehydrogenase (NAD); α -glycerophosphate dehydrogenase (NAD); glycerol 1-phosphate dehydrogenase; glycerol phosphate dehydrogenase (NAD); glycerophosphate dehydrogenase (NAD); hydroglycerophosphate dehydrogenase; L- α -glycerol phosphate dehydrogenase; L- α -glycerophosphate dehydrogenase; L-glycerol phosphate dehydrogenase; L-glycerophosphate dehydrogenase; NAD- α -glycerophosphate dehydrogenase; NAD-dependent glycerol phosphate dehydrogenase; NAD-dependent glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase; NAD-L-glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase; NAD-linked glycerol 3-phosphate dehydrogenase; NADH-dihydroxyacetone phosphate reductase; glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (NAD); EC 1.1.1.8; 9075-65-4; α -GDH

Product Information

Source E. coli

Appearance Lyophilized

EC Number EC 1.1.1.8

CAS No. 9075-65-4

Molecular Weight ca. 73,600; Subunit molecular weight : ca. 36,800.

Specific Activity more than 7 U/mg protein

pH Stability 6.5 - 10.0

Optimum pH 9

Thermal stability No detectable decrease in activity up to 80 °C.

Michaelis Constant (90 mM Bicine buffer pH 9.0, at 37 °C) Glycerol-3-phosphate: 0.119 mM; NAD⁺: 0.036 mM.

Unit Definition One unit of activity is defined as the amount of G3PDH that forms 1 μ mol of NADH per minute at 37 °C.

Reaction Glycerol-3-phosphate + NAD⁺ \leftrightarrow Dihydroxyacetone 3-phosphate + NADH + H⁺

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage Stable at -20 °C for at least one year.