

## Protein Kinase A catalytic subunit human, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-0571

Lot. No. (See product label)

## Introduction

**Description** Ubiquitous serine-threonine kinase that phosphorylates a broad spectrum of

substrates, and regulates many cellular processes. The catalytic subunit is released following binding of cyclic AMP to the regulatory subunits of the PKA holoenzyme. The free catalytic subunit has intrinsic activity and does not require added cyclic

AMP.

**Synonyms** Protein Kinase A catalytic subunit; Protein kinase A; PKA; PKAC; cAMP-dependent

protein kinase catalytic subunit; PRKAC

## **Product Information**

**Species** Human

**Source** E. coli

**Form** buffered aqueous glycerol solution

Molecular Weight mol wt 43.5 kDa

**Purity** >90% (SDS-PAGE)

Activity >1000 units/mg protein

**Buffer** Solution in 30 mM potassium phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, containing 50% glycerol,

150 mM KCl, 1 mM EDTA, and 1 mM DTT.

**Pathway** Adaptive Immune System, organism-specific biosystem; Amoebiasis, organism-

specific biosystem; Amoebiasis, conserved biosystem; Amphetamine addiction, organism-specific biosystem; Amphetamine addiction, conserved biosystem; Apoptosis, organism-specific biosystem; Apoptosis, conserved biosystem

**Function** ATP binding; cAMP-dependent protein kinase activity; cAMP-dependent protein

kinase activity; nucleotide binding; protein binding; protein kinase binding; protein

serine/threonine kinase activity; ubiquitin protein ligase binding

**Unit Definition** One unit will transfer 1 nanomole of phosphate from 32P-ATP to kemptide substrate

per minute at pH 7.4 at 30°C (measured by a radioactive filter-binding assay). Km (ATP) = 25  $\mu$ M at 30°C, pH 7.4. Km (kemptide) = 42  $\mu$ M (33  $\mu$ g/ml) at 30°C, pH 7.4.

1/1

## Storage and Shipping Information

*Stability* –70°C