

Native Bovine Superoxide Dismutase

Cat. No. NATE-1870

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description

The superoxide (O_2^-) ion is believed to be responsible for lipid peroxidation and peroxidative hemolysis of erythrocytes. The action of superoxide dismutase, therefore, results in protection of the biological integrity of cells and tissues against the harmful effects of superoxide free radicals. Superoxide dismutase is widely distributed in both plants and animals. It occurs in high concentrations in brain, liver, heart, erythrocytes and kidney. Three superoxide dismutases have been characterized according to their metal content. The enzyme from bovine and human erythrocytes contains copper and zinc, the one from chicken and rat liver mitochondria contains manganese while the enzyme from *E. coli* contains iron. Superoxide dismutase from bovine erythrocytes has a molecular weight of 32,500.

Synonyms

Superoxide dismutases; EC 1.15.1.1; superoxidase dismutase; copper-zinc superoxide dismutase; Cu-Zn superoxide dismutase; ferrisuperoxide dismutase; superoxide dismutase I; superoxide dismutase II; SOD; Cu,Zn-SOD; Mn-SOD; Fe-SOD; SODF; SODS; SOD-1; SOD-2; SOD-3; SOD-4; hemocuprein; erythrocuprein; cytocuprein; cuprein ; hepatocuprein; 9054-89-1

Product Information

Species	Bovine
Source	Bovine Kidney
Form	Freeze-dried powder
EC Number	EC 1.15.1.1
CAS No.	9054-89-1
Purity	95.00%
Activity	3000 U/mg protein
Solubility	Soluble in distilled water or dilute buffer
Unit Definition	That amount of enzyme which, under specified conditions of the assay, will cause a 50% inhibition in the rate of reduction of ferricytochrome C.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage	Store at -20° C
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