

## Protein Phosphatase-1 Catalytic Subunit, $\alpha$ -Isoform from rabbit, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-0614

Lot. No. (See product label)

### Introduction

#### Description

Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase PP1- $\alpha$  catalytic subunit is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the PPP1CA gene. The protein encoded by this gene is one of the three catalytic subunits of protein phosphatase 1 (PP1). PP1 is a serine/threonine specific protein phosphatase known to be involved in the regulation of a variety of cellular processes, such as cell division, glycogen metabolism, muscle contractility, protein synthesis, and HIV-1 viral transcription. Increased PP1 activity has been observed in the end stage of heart failure. Studies in both human and mice suggest that PP1 is an important regulator of cardiac function. Mouse studies also suggest that PP1 functions as a suppressor of learning and memory. Three alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

#### Synonyms

PPP1CA; protein phosphatase 1; PP-1A; PP1A; PP1 $\alpha$ ; PPP1A

### Product Information

#### Species

Rabbit

#### Source

E. coli

#### Form

lyophilized powder

#### Molecular Weight

mol wt 37.5 kDa

#### Activity

5,000-15,000 units/mg protein

#### Buffer

Lyophilized powder containing imidazole buffer, pH 7.4, NaCl, DTT, EDTA, MnCl<sub>2</sub>, Tween 20, and trehalose as stabilizer.

#### Unit Definition

One unit will hydrolyze 1 nmole of p-nitrophenyl phosphate per min at pH 7.4 at 30°C.

### Usage and Packaging

#### Package

Package size based on protein content.

### Storage and Shipping Information

#### Stability

-20°C