

## Pectate Lyase from Aspergillus sp., Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-0908 Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction	
Description	Pectate lyase (EC 4.2.2.2) is an enzyme involved in the maceration and soft rotting of plant tissue. Pectate lyase is responsible for the eliminative cleavage of pectate, yielding oligosaccharides with 4-deoxy-α-D-mann-4-enuronosyl groups at their non-reducing ends. The protein is maximally expressed late in pollen development. It has been suggested that the pollen expression of pectate lyase genes might relate to a requirement for pectin degradation during pollen tube growth. This enzyme belongs to the family of lyases, specifically those carbon-oxygen lyases acting on polysaccharides. (1->4)-alpha-D-galacturonan lyase; polygalacturonic transeliminase; pectic acid transeliminase; polygalacturonate lyase; endopectin methyltranseliminase; pectate transeliminase; endogalacturonic acid lyase; PGA lyase; PPase-N; endo-alpha-1,4-polygalacturonic acid lyase; pectate lyase; pectin trans-eliminase; Polygalacturonic acid lyase; PCA Lyase; EC 4.2.2.2
Product Information	
Source	Aspergillus sp.
Form	Liquid
EC Number	EC 4.2.2.2
CAS No.	9015-75-2
Molecular Weight	~ 45kD
Activity	~ 180 U/mg protein
Unit Definition	One Unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to release one $\mu$ mole of galacturonic acid from polygalacturonic acid per min in Tris-HCl buffer at pH 8.0 and 40°C.
Storage and Shipping Information	

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Storage

4°C