

Native *Bacillus* sp. Monoglyceride Lipase

Cat. No. NATE-0455

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description

In enzymology, an acylglycerol lipase (EC 3.1.1.23) is an enzyme that catalyzes a chemical reaction that uses water molecules to break the glycerol monoesters of long-chain fatty acids. This enzyme belongs to the family of hydrolases, specifically those acting on carboxylic ester bonds. This enzyme participates in glycerolipid metabolism.

Applications

Useful for enzymatic determination of triglyceride

Synonyms

EC 3.1.1.23; acylglycerol lipase; glycerol-ester acylhydrolase; monoacylglycerol lipase; monoacylglycerolipase; monoglyceride lipase; monoglyceride hydrolase; fatty acyl monoester lipase; monoacylglycerol hydrolase; monoglyceridylipase; monoglyceridase

Product Information

Source

Bacillus sp.

Appearance

White powder

Form

Freeze dried powder

EC Number

EC 3.1.1.23

CAS No.

9040-75-9

Molecular Weight

20 kDa (gel filtration)

Activity

> 20 U/mg

Contaminants

Catalase <0.5%

Isoelectric point

pH 4.8±0.2

pH Stability

6.0-8.0 (65°C, 10 mins)

Optimum pH

6.0-8.0

Thermal stability

Stable at 65°C and below (pH 8.0, 10 mins)

Optimum temperature

65°C (PIPES buffer)

Michaelis Constant

Monolaurine 1.8 × 10⁻⁴M

Unit Definition

One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme which liberates 1 μmole of monoglyceride per minute at 37°C under the conditions specified in the assay procedure.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage

Storage at -20°C in the presence of a desiccant is recommended.