

Native Bacillus stearothermophilus Phosphofructokinase

Cat. No. NATE-0551

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description Phosphofructokinase is a kinase enzyme that phosphorylates fructose 6-phosphate in glycolysis. The

> enzyme-catalysed transfer of a phosphoryl group from ATP is an important reaction in a wide variety of biological processes. One enzyme that utilizes this reaction is phosphofructokinase (PFK), which catalyses the phosphorylation of fructose-6-phosphate to fructose-1,6-bisphosphate, a key regulatory step in the glycolytic pathway. PFK exists as a homotetramer in bacteria and mammals (where each monomer possesses 2 similar domains) and as an octomer in yeast (where there are 4 alpha-(PFK1) and 4 beta-chains (PFK2), the latter, like the mammalian monomers, possessing 2 similar domains[3]).

This protein may use the morpheein model of allosteric regulation.

Applications Useful for enzymatic determiantion of fructose-6-phosphate

Synonyms PFKWII; EC 2.7.1.11; PFK; phosphofructokinase; 6-phosphofructokinase; Phosphofructokinase I;

Phosphohexokinase

Product Information

Source Bacillus stearothermophilus

White to pale yellow powder **Appearance**

Freeze dried powder Form

EC Number EC 2.7.1.11

CAS No. 9001-80-3

Molecular Weight

72 kDa (gel filtration); 35 kDa (SDS-PAGE)

Activity > 250 U/mg

Contaminants NADPH oxidase < 0.01%; ATPase < 0.005%

Isoelectric

pH 5.9

point

6.0-10.0 (37°C, 60 mins) pH Stability

Optimum pH

Thermal stability Stable at 55°C and below (pH 8.5, 30 mins)

Michaelis Constant

D-Fructose-6-phosphate (D-F-6-P) 5.8 mM (at 37°C); ATP 0.07 mM (at 37°C)

Activators

Mg2+

Unit **Definition**

One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme which converts 1 µmole of fructose-6-phosphate to Fructose–1,6 –bisphosphate per minute at 37°C under the conditions specified in the assay procedure.

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Storage

Storage at-20°C in the presence of a desiccant is recommended.