

L-Malate dehydrogenase from E. coli, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1107

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description

Malate dehydrogenase is an enzyme in the citric acid cycle that catalyzes the conversion of malate into oxaloacetate (using NAD+) and vice versa (this is a reversible reaction). Malate dehydrogenase is not to be confused with malic enzyme, which catalyzes the conversion of malate to pyruvate producing NADPH. Malate dehydrogenase is also involved in gluconeogenesis, the synthesis of glucose from smaller molecules.

Synonyms

malic dehydrogenase; L-malate dehydrogenase; NAD-L-malate dehydrogenase; malic acid dehydrogenase; NAD-dependent malic dehydrogenase; NAD-malate dehydrogenase; NAD-malic dehydrogenase; malate NAD dehydrogenase; NAD-dependent malate dehydrogenase; NAD-sp; ECific malate dehydrogenase; NAD-linked malate dehydrogenase; MDH; L-malate-NAD+ oxidoreductase; S-malate: NAD+ oxidoreductase; EC 1.1.1.37; Malate Dehydrogenase

One Unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to produce one µmole of NAD+ from NADH in the

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Product Information

Source E. coli

Form Liquid

EC Number EC 1.1.1.37

CAS No. 9001-64-3

Molecular

~ 34kD

Weight

Activity ~ 1,500 U/mg protein

Unit

Definition presence of oxaloacetic acid in sodium phosphate buffer at pH 7.5 and 25°C.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage 4°C

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