

Hydroxyacid Oxidase 1 from Human, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-3534

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description

Glycolate oxidase (HAO1) is a part of the superfamily of the alpha hydroxy acid oxidases (HAO) enzymes. HAO1 catalyses the FMN mediated oxidation of glycolate to glyoxylate and glyoxylate to oxalate by reducing oxygen to hydrogen peroxide. HAO1 is expressed mainly in the liver and pancreas and is most active on twocarbon substrates such as glycolate. HAO1 isthe main cause of hyperoxaluria, a disorder in which large deposits of calcium oxalate form kidney stones.

Product Information

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|-------------------------|---|
| Species | Human |
| Source | E. coli |
| Form | Sterile filtered colorless solution |
| Molecular Weight | 45.0kDa |
| Purity | >95% |
| Activity | > 3000 pmol/min/ug, and defined as the amount of enzyme that oxidize glyoxylate at pH 8.0 at 25C. |

Storage and Shipping Information

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| Storage | at -20°C |
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