

Native Bovine Deoxyribonuclease I

Cat. No. PHAM-266

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description

DNase I is an endonuclease that acts on phosphodiester bonds adjacent to pyrimidines to produce polynucleotides with terminal 5'-phosphates. In the presence of Mg^{2+} , DNase I cleaves each strand of DNA independently and the cleavage sites are random. Both DNA strands are cleaved at approximately the same site in the presence of Mn^{2+} .² The pH optimum is found to be between 7 and 8. Divalent cations such as Mn^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , Co^{2+} , and Zn^{2+} are activators of the enzyme.³ A concentration of 5 mM Ca^{2+} stabilizes the enzyme against proteolytic digestion. DNase I from bovine pancreas consists of four chromatographically distinguishable components, A, B, C, and D, with molar ratios being 4:1:1 respectively. Only minor amounts of D are found.⁴ 2-Mercaptoethanol, chelators, sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS)⁵ and actin⁶ are known to inhibit the enzyme activity.

Applications

Used for the removal of DNA from protein samples.

Synonyms

EC 3.1.21.1; DNase I; Deoxyribonuclease I; Deoxyribonuclease 5'-oligonucleotide-hydrolase

Product Information

Species

Bovine

Source

Bovine pancreas

EC Number

EC 3.1.21.1

CAS No.

9003-98-9

Molecular Weight

mol wt ~31 kDa

Unit Definition

One Kunitz unit will produce a ΔA_{260} of 0.001 per min per mL at pH 5.0 at 25 °C, using DNA, Type I or III as substrate. $[Mg^{2+}] = 4.2$ mM

Usage and Packaging

Package

vial of >0.5 mg total protein

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage

-20°C