

Matrix Metalloproteinase-13 (His • Tag) from Human, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-0859

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description

Matrix metalloproteinases are members of a unique family of proteolytic enzymes that have a zinc ion at their active sites and can degrade collagens, elastin and other components of the extracellular matrix (ECM). These enzymes are present in normal healthy individuals and have been shown to have an important role in processes such as wound healing, pregnancy, and bone resorption. However, overexpression and activation of MMPs have been linked with a range of pathological processes and disease states involved in the breakdown and remodeling of the ECM. Such diseases include tumor invasion and metastasis, rheumatoid arthritis, periodontal disease and vascular processes such as angiogenesis, intimal hyperplasia, atherosclerosis and aneurysms. Recently, MMPs have been linked to neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's, and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS). Natural inhibitors of MMPs, tissue inhibitor of matrix metalloproteinases (TIMPs) exist and synthetic inhibitors have been developed which offer hope of new treatment options for these diseases.

Synonyms

Collagenase-3; Matrix metallopeptidase 13; MMP13; CLG3; MANDP1; MMP-13

Product Information

Species

Human

Source

S. frugiperda

Form

Liquid

Molecular

60 kDa

Weight

Purity

>90% by SDS-PAGE

Activity

>50 mU/mg protein

Buffer

In 150 mM NaCl, 50 mM Tris-HCl, 5 mM CaCl₂, pH 7.5.

Unit

One unit is defined as the amount of APMA-activated enzyme that will hydrolyze 1.0 µmol MCA-Pro-Leu-

Definition Gly-Leu-Dpa-Ala-Arg-NH₂ per min at 37°C, pH 7.5.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage

< -70°C; Avoid freeze/thaw

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