

Native Human Lactate Dehydrogenase 4

Cat. No. NATE-0965

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description A lactate dehydrogenase (LDH or LD) is an enzyme found in nearly all living cells

(animals, plants, and prokaryotes). LDH catalyzes the conversion of pyruvate to lactate and back, as it converts NADH to NAD+ and back. A dehydrogenase is an

enzyme that transfers a hydride from one molecule to another.

Applications Diagnostic Controls, Calibrators & Standards; Clinical Chemistry; Testing/Assay

Validation; Life Science; Validation Studies; Manufacturing

Synonyms LDH-4 isoenzyme; 1H3M isoenzyme; ld4 isoenyzme

Product Information

Species Human

Source Human Liver

Form Liquid; Suspension in 3.1 M ammonium sulfate, 20 mM tris chloride, 1 mM DTT, 1

mM EDTA, pH 7.5.

EC Number EC 1.1.1.27

CAS No. 9001-60-9

Activity > 35 U/mg protein (> 110 U/mL)

Concentration > 0.5 mg protein/MI

Contaminants CPK: < 0.1% ALP: < 0.1% gGT: < 0.1% AST/SGOT: < 0.1% ALT/GPT: < 0.1%

Unit Definition One unit will catalyze the oxidation of one micromole of L-lactate to pyruvate per

minute at 37°C and pH 8.55.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage 2-8°C

Stability 2 years