

## **β-Galactosidase from E. coli, Recombinant (EIA Grade)**

Cat. No. NATE-0986

Lot. No. (See product label)

## Introduction

**Description** β-galactosidase, also called beta-gal or β-gal, is a hydrolase enzyme that catalyzes the hydrolysis of β-

galactosides into monosaccharides. Substrates of different β-galactosidases include ganglioside GM1,

lactosylceramides, lactose, and various glycoproteins.

Applications Marker enzyme for the manufacturing of antibody- and antigen-enzyme conjugates incorporated in

 $immuno assays \ for \ colorimetric \ and \ fluorimetric \ detection.$ 

**Synonyms**  $\beta$ -galactosidase; beta-gal;  $\beta$ -gal; lactase;  $\beta$ -lactosidase; maxilact; hydrolact;  $\beta$ -D-lactosidase; trilactase;  $\beta$ -

D-galactanase; β-D-galactoside galactohydrolase; β-Galactosidase EIA Grade

## **Product Information**

**Source** E. coli

**Appearance** White lyophilizate, stabilized with phosphate buffer and sucrose.

*CAS No.* 9031-11-2

*Molecular* 465 kDa

Weight

**Activity** > 700 U/mg protein

*Isoelectric* 4.61

point

**pH Stability** 6

Optimum pH

8

**Thermal** Up to +37°C

stability

Michaelis Tris buffer, pH 7.6, +20°C / relation rate: 2-nitrophenyl-β-galactoside: 9.50 x 10-4 mol/l / 1.00 phenyl-β-Constant D-galactoside: 3.23 x 10-3 mol/l / 0.05 lactose: 3.85 x 10-2 mol/l / 0.06 4-nitrophenyl-β-galactoside: 4.45

b-galactoside. 5.25 x 10-5 mol/1/ 0.05 factose. 5.85 x 10-2 mol/1/ 0.00 4-microphenyi-p-galactoside.

x 10-4 mol/l /  $\sim$ 0.50

 $\textbf{\textit{Structure}} \qquad \text{4 identical subunits, } \beta\text{-galactosidase contains no carbohydrates}$ 

**Activators** Mg2+ and Na+ (or other monovalent cations) are essential for activity.

## Storage and Shipping Information

**Stability** At -15 to -25°C within specification range for 24 months. Store under nitrogen.

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