

Chemically modified Glucose-6-phosphate Dehydrogenase from Leuconostoc mesenteroides

Cat. No. DIA-280

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD or G6PDH) (EC 1.1.1.49) is a cytosolic enzyme that

catalyzes the chemical reaction:D-glucose 6-phosphate + NADP $+ \leftrightarrow$ 6-phospho-D-glucono-1,5-lactone + NADPH + H+. This enzyme is in the pentose phosphate pathway, a metabolic pathway that supplies reducing energy to cells (such as erythrocytes) by maintaining the level of the co-enzyme nicotinamide

adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NADPH).

Applications Use Glucose-6-phosphate Dehydrogenase for the determination of blood glucose or creatine kinase.

Synonyms D-glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase; glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase (NADP); NADP-dependent

glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase; 6-phosphoglucose dehydrogenase; Entner-Doudoroff enzyme;

glucose-6-phosphate 1-dehydrogenase; G6PDH; GPD; glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase

Product Information

Species Leuconostoc mesenteroides

Source E. coli

Appearance White lyophilizate

Molecular Weight 110 kD (2 identical subunits 55,000 D)

Activity >30 U/mg lyophilizate

Contaminants ATPase: <0.02 Creatine kinase: <0.001 Glutamate dehydrogenase: <0.01 Glutathione reductase:

 $< 0.001 \ Hexokinase \ and \ Glucose \ dehydrogenase: < 0.05 \ Myokinase: < 0.05 \ ''NADH \ oxidase'': < 0.02 \ ''NADPH \ oxidase'': < 0.0005 \ 6-Phosphogluconate \ dehydrogenase: < 0.001 \ Phophoglucose \ isomerase: < 0.001 \ Advantage \ Advan$

<0.01 Phosphoglucomutase: <0.001 Glucose: <0.3 μ g/mg lyophilizate

Isoelectric

point

4.6

pH Stability 5.0-10.0

Optimum pH 7.8

Thermal stability

Up to +40°C for native G6P-DH, up to +50°C for modified G6P-DH

Michaelis

NAD: 1.4 x 10-4 mmol/l NADP: 3.7 x 10-5 mmol/l Glucose-6-P: 3.7 x 10-4 mmol/l (NAD as coenzyme)

Constant Glucose-6-P: 2.0 x 10-4 mmol/l (NAD as coenzyme)

Specificity G6P-DH is highly specific for glucose-6-phosphate and does not react with fructose-6-P, fructose-1,6-P2

or glucose-1P. 2-Deoxyglucose-6-P is slowly oxidized with NAD (5%) and with NADP (4%).

Activators Phosphate, 5 mmol/l: 100% (NAD), 80% (NADP) Phosphate, 50 mmol/l: 100% (NAD), 80% (NADP)

Without Mg2+: 90% (NAD), 80% (NADP) Mg2+, 3 mmol/l: 100% (NAD), 100% (NADP) Mg2+, 30 mmol/l:

100% (NAD), 100% (NADP) HCO3-, 3 mmol/l: 100% (NAD), 100% (NADP)

Inhihitors NADPH is a competitive inhihitor in the NAD-dependent reaction. Unlike the yeast enzyme, myristic

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acid, dehydroepiandrosterone and palmitoyl CoA do not inhibit.

Storage and Shipping Information

Stability At +2 to +8°C within specification range for 18 months. Store dry.

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