

## Native Diaphorase (NADPH) from Bacillus megaterium

Cat. No. NATE-1154

Lot. No. (See product label)

## Introduction

**Description** In enzymology, a NADPH dehydrogenase (EC 1.6.99.1) is an enzyme that catalyzes the chemical

reaction: NADPH + H+ + acceptor ↔ NADP+ + reduced acceptor. The 3 substrates of this enzyme are NADPH, H+, and acceptor, whereas its two products are NADP+ and reduced acceptor. This enzyme belongs to the family of oxidoreductases, specifically those acting on NADH or NADPH with other

acceptors.

**Applications** Useful for enzymatic determination of reduced NADP.

**Synonyms** NADPH:acceptor oxidoreductase; NADPH2 diaphorase; NADPH diaphorase; OYE; diaphorase;

dihydronicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate dehydrogenase; NADPH-dehydrogenase; NADPH-diaphorase; NADPH2-dehydrogenase; old yellow enzyme; reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate dehydrogenase; TPNH dehydrogenase; TPNH-diaphorase; triphosphopyridine diaphorase;

triphosphopyridine nucleotide diaphorase; NADPH2 dehydrogenase; NADPH: (acceptor)

oxidoreductase; NADPH dehydrogenase; EC 1.6.99.1

## **Product Information**

**Source** Bacillus megaterium

Appearance Yellowish amorphous powder, lyophilized

**Form** Freeze dried powder

**EC Number** EC 1.6.99.1

*CAS No.* 9001-68-7

Molecular Weight 48 kDa (gel filtration)

**Activity** More than 5 U/mg solid

**Contaminants** Myokinase < 0.50%

Isoelectric

point

3

**pH Stability** 6.5–9.0

**Optimum pH** 7.0–9.0

Thermal

Stable at 60°C and below

stability Michaelis

NADPH 2.9 × 10-4M

Constant

Activators FMN, FAD

Unit One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme which oxidizes 1  $\mu$ mole of NADP+ per minute at

1/2

**Definition** 30°C under the conditions specified in the assay procedure.

**Tel:** 1-631-562-8517 1-516-512-3133 **Email:** info@creative-enzymes.com

**Tel:** 1-631-562-8517 1-516-512-3133

**Storage** At least one year at -20°C