

Native Diaphorase (NADPH) from Bacillus megaterium

Cat. No. NATE-1154

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description In enzymology, a NADPH dehydrogenase (EC 1.6.99.1) is an enzyme that catalyzes

the chemical reaction: $NADPH + H+ + acceptor \leftrightarrow NADP+ + reduced$ acceptor. The

3 substrates of this enzyme are NADPH, H+, and acceptor, whereas its two products are NADP+ and reduced acceptor. This enzyme belongs to the family of oxidoreductases, specifically those acting on NADH or NADPH with other acceptors.

Applications Useful for enzymatic determination of reduced NADP.

Synonyms NADPH: acceptor oxidoreductase; NADPH diaphorase; OYE;

diaphorase; dihydronicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate dehydrogenase; NADPH-dehydrogenase; NADPH-diaphorase; NADPH2-dehydrogenase; old yellow enzyme; reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate dehydrogenase; TPNH dehydrogenase; TPNH-diaphorase; triphosphopyridine diaphorase;

triphosphopyridine nucleotide diaphorase; NADPH2 dehydrogenase; NADPH:

(acceptor) oxidoreductase; NADPH dehydrogenase; EC 1.6.99.1

Product Information

Source Bacillus megaterium

Appearance Yellowish amorphous powder, lyophilized

Form Freeze dried powder

EC Number EC 1.6.99.1

CAS No. 9001-68-7

Molecular Weight 48 kDa (gel filtration)

Activity More than 5 U/mg solid

Contaminants Myokinase < 0.50%

Isoelectric point 3

pH Stability 6.5–9.0

Optimum pH 7.0–9.0

Thermal stability Stable at 60°C and below

Michaelis Constant NADPH $2.9 \times 10-4M$

Activators FMN, FAD

Unit Definition One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme which oxidizes 1 μmole of NADPH to

NADP+ per minute at 30°C under the conditions specified in the assay procedure.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage At least one year at -20°C

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