

Native Flavobacterium meningosepticum Glycerol kinase

Cat. No. NATE-1155

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description The activity of glycerol kinase is found widely in nature. In microorganisms GK makes possible the

> utilization of glycerol as a carbon source. In mammals the enzyme represents a juncture of sugar and fat metabolism; The enzyme is important to the clinical chemist in the determination of glycerol. GK is also useful in the assay of glyceraldehydes and dihydroxyacetone following their quantitative reduction

to glycerol with sodium borohydride.

Useful for the measurement of Triglyceride. **Applications**

glycerokinase; GK; ATP: glycerol-3-phosphotransferase; glycerol kinase phosphorylating; glyceric Synonyms

kinase; EC 2.7.1.30

Product Information

Flavobacterium meningosepticum Source

White to light grayish white amorphous powder, lyophilized. **Appearance**

Form Freeze dried powder

EC Number EC 2.7.1.30

Molecular Weight

150 kDa (TSK G3000SWXL) 50 kDa (SDS-PAGE)

Activity More than 70 U/mg solid

4.3

Contaminants Hexokinase < 0.05%; Catalase < 0.1%; ATPase < 0.01%; Myokinase < 0.05%

Isoelectric

point

pH Stability 5.0 - 11.0

Optimum pH

Thermal stability Stable at 60°C and below

Optimum 80°C

temperature

Glycerol 8.8 \times 10-5M ATP 3.0 \times 10-5M

Michaelis Constant

Unit One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme which converts 1 µmole of glycerol to glycerol-3-

Definition phosphate per minute at 37°C under the conditions specified in the assay procedure.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage at -20°C in the presence of a desiccant is recommended. Storage

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