

Chitinase from *Clostridium thermocellum*, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1201

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description

Chitinase is an extracellular enzyme complex that degrades chitin and has a molecular mass of approximately 30 kDa. Chitin is degraded to N-acetyl-D-glucosamine in 2 enzymatic reactions. Firstly, chitobiose units are removed from chitin by chitodextrinase-chitinase. The second reaction involves N-acetyl-glucosaminidase-chitobiase, which cleaves the disaccharide to its monomer subunits (that comprise of N-acetyl-D-glucosamine).

Synonyms

Chitinase; chitodextrinase; 1,4- β -poly-N-acetylglucosaminidase; poly- β -glucosaminidase; β -1,4-poly-N-acetyl glucosaminidase; poly[1,4-(N-acetyl- β -D-glucosaminide)] glycanohydrolase; (1 \rightarrow 4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucan glycanohydrolase; EC 3.2.1.14

Product Information

Source

Clostridium thermocellum ATCC 27405

Form

Glycerol/buffer solution

EC Number

EC 3.2.1.14

Molecular Weight

43927.1 Da

Purity

> 80 % as judged by SDS-PAGE

Activity

25 U/mg

Optimum pH

6.5 (stable from 4.5 – 6.5)

Optimum temperature

60°C (stable up to 65°C)

Unit Definition

One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to release 1 μ mol of p-nitrophenol per minute from p-nitrophenyl- β -D-triacetylchitotriose in phosphate-Citrate (PC) buffer (50 mM K₂HPO₄, 12 mM citric acid, pH 6.5) at 60°C.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage

Store at -20°C (shipped at room temperature)