

Fructosyl-peptide Oxidase from E. coli, Recombinant

Cat. No. DIA-410

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description The fructosyl peptide oxidase is an enzyme that catalyzes the reaction which produces a sugar osone

(an α -keto aldehyde), a peptide, and hydrogen peroxide by oxidative cleaving, in the presence of oxygen molecules, the C--N bond in the ketose derivative produced by Amadori rearrangement of glucosylamine produced by the reaction between the hemiacetal of glucose and the N-terminal amino

group of a peptide.

Synonyms Fructosyl-peptide: oxygen oxidoreductase; EC 1.5.3; Fructosyl-peptide Oxidase

Product Information

Species E. coli

Source E. coli

Appearance Yellow lyophilizate

EC Number EC 1.5.3

Molecular

ca. 60 kDa

Weight

Activity > 4 U/mg lyophilizate

pH Stability 6.0-9.5

Optimum pH 7.5-8.0

Thermal

below 45°C

stability

Optimum 35-42°C

temperature

Michaelis

Constant lysine)

Structure monomer of 52 kDa (SDS-PAGE)

Specificity fructosyl-valyl-histidine (100), fructosyl-glycine (53), Nε-fructosyl-lysine (84)

Stabilizers EDTA, glutamate

Unit One unit (U) is defined as the amount of enzyme which produces 1 µmol of hydrogen peroxide per min

 $3.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ (fructosyl-valyl-histidine) $4.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ (fructosyl-glycine) $8.9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ (Nε-fructosyl-valyl-histidine)

Definition at 37°C and pH 8.0.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage at -20°C

Stability Stable at 37°C for at least one month

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