

Biotinylated Luciferase from E. coli, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1254

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description

Luciferase is an enzyme that catalyzes production of light from luciferin in the presence of Mg^{2+} -ATP and oxygen. The reaction of this enzyme with luciferin, ATP, and O_2 results in the emission of light. Luciferase activity can be inhibited by general anesthetics including isoflurane and ketamine/medetomidine thereby affecting the sensitivity of bioluminescence imaging.

Synonyms

Photinus-luciferin 4-monooxygenase (ATP-hydrolysing); firefly luciferase; luciferase (firefly luciferin); Photinus luciferin 4-monooxygenase (adenosine triphosphate-hydrolysing); firefly luciferin luciferase; Photinus pyralis luciferase; EC 1.13.12.7; 61970-00-1

Product Information

Species E. coli

Source E. coli

Appearance Liquid form

EC Number EC 1.13.12.7

Molecular Weight ca. 70 kDa

Activity $> 1.0 \times 10^{10}$ relative light units (RLU)/ml Specific activity: 1.9×10^{11} RLU/mg purified protein

pH Stability 5.5–9.0

Optimum pH 7.5–8.5

Thermal stability below ca. 45°C

Michaelis Constant 1.7×10^{-4} M (ATP) 1.3×10^{-4} M (D-luciferin)

Structure monomer of ca. 70 kDa (SDS-PAGE)

Unit Definition One relative light unit (RLU) is defined as the amount of enzyme which emits 1 count of light for 20 s at 30°C and pH 7.8.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage at -20°C

Stability stable at 25°C for at least one week (liquid form)