

β(1-3) Galactosidase from Xanthomonas manihotis, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1261 Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description	β -galactosidase is a hydrolase enzyme that catalyzes the hydrolysis of β -galactosides into monosaccharides. Substrates of different β -galactosidases include ganglioside GM1, lactosylceramides, lactose, and various glycoproteins.
Synonyms	β-galactosidase; beta-gal; β-gal; EC 3.2.1.23; lactase; β-lactosidase; maxilact; hydrolact; β-D- lactosidase; S 2107; lactozym; trilactase; β-D-galactanase; oryzatym; sumiklat; β-D-galactoside galactohydrolase

Product Information

Species	Xanthomonas manihotis
Source	E. coli
Form	50 mM NaCl, 20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5 25°C) and 0.1 mM Na2EDTA.
Molecular Weight	66 kDa
Activity	17,000 units/mg
Concentration	10,000 units/ml
Specificity	The GlcNAc(β 1-6) residue is the only anomeric configuration that can effect the specificity of the enzyme enabling cleavage of the non-reducing β 1-4Galactose.
Unit Definition	One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to cleave > 95% of the terminal β -D-galactose from 1 nmol of Gal β 1-3GlcNAc β 1-3Gal β 1-4Glc-7-amino-4-methyl-coumarin (AMC), in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 10 μ l.

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage at -20°C