

Inorganic Pyrophosphatase from Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1281

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description Pyrophosphatase (or inorganic pyrophosphatase) is an enzyme (EC 3.6.1.1) that catalyzes the

conversion of one molecule of pyrophosphate to two phosphate ions. This is a highly exergonic reaction, and therefore can be coupled to unfavorable biochemical transformations in order to drive these transformations to completion. The functionality of this enzyme plays a critical role in lipid metabolism (including lipid synthesis and degradation), calcium absorption and bone formation, and

DNA synthesis, as well as other biochemical transformations.

Applications Enhancing yields of RNA in transcription reactions

Synonyms Pyrophosphate phosphohydrolase; inorganic pyrophosphatase; EC 3.6.1.1; 9024-82-2; iphosphate

phosphohydrolase

Product Information

Species Saccharomyces cerevisiae

Source E. coli

Form 20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 100 mM KCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM dithiothreitol and 50% glycerol.

CAS No. 9024-82-2

Molecular

Weight

71 kDa

Concentration 100 units/ml

Unit Definition One unit is the amount of enzyme that will generate 1 μ mol of phosphate per minute from inorganic pyrophosphate under standard reaction conditions (a 10 minute reaction at 25 °C in 100 mM Tris-HCl,

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[pH 7.2], 2 mM MgCl2 and 2 mM PPi in a reaction volume of 0.5 ml).

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage at -20°C