

## UDP-Glc 4-epimerase from E. coli K12, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1498

Lot. No. (See product label)

### Introduction

**Description** The enzyme UDP-glucose 4-epimerase (EC 5.1.3.2), also known as UDP-galactose 4-epimerase or GALE, is a homodimeric epimerase found in bacterial, fungal, plant, and mammalian cells. This enzyme performs the final step in the Leloir pathway of galactose metabolism, catalyzing the reversible conversion of UDP-galactose to UDP-glucose. GALE tightly binds nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD<sup>+</sup>), a co-factor required for catalytic activity.

**Synonyms** Galactowaldenase; UDP-galactose 4-epimerase; Uridine diphosphate galactose 4-epimerase; Uridine diphospho-galactose-4-epimerase; UDP-glucose 4-epimerase; EC 5.1.3.2; UDP-galactose 4-epimerase; GALE

### Product Information

**Species** E. coli K12

**Source** E. coli

**EC Number** EC 5.1.3.2

**CAS No.** 9032-89-7

**Molecular Weight** 40 kDa

**Purity** min 95% by SDS-PAGE

**Unit Definition** One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the formation of 1  $\mu$ mol of UDP-Gal from UDP-Glc per minute at 37 °C.