

Xylanase 10A from Bacteroides ovatus, Recombinant

Cat. No. NATE-1519

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description Xylanase is the name given to a class of enzymes which degrade the linear polysaccharide beta-1,4-

xylan into xylose, thus breaking down hemicellulose, one of the major components of plant cell walls. As such, it plays a major role in micro-organisms thriving on plant sources for the degradation of plant matter into usable nutrients. Xylanases are produced by fungi, bacteria, yeast, marine algae,

protozoans, snails, crustaceans, insect, seeds, etc., (mammals do not produce xylanases).

Synonyms EC 3.2.1.8; endo- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ - β -xylan 4-xylanohydrolase; endo-1,4-xylanase; xylanase; β -1,4-xylanase; endo-

1,4-xylanase; endo- β -1,4-xylanase; endo-1,4- β -D-xylanase; 1,4- β -xylan xylanohydrolase; β -xylanase; β -

1,4-xylan xylanohydrolase; endo-1,4- β -xylanase; β -D-xylanase; endo-1,4- β -xylanase

Product Information

Species Bacteroides ovatus

Source E. coli

Form 35 mM NaHepes buffer, pH 7.5, 750 mM NaCl, 200 mM imidazol, 3.5 mM CaCl2, 0.02% sodium azide

and 25% (v/v) glycerol

EC Number EC 3.2.1.8

CAS No. 9025-57-4

Molecular 43 kDa

Weight

Purity >90% as judged by SDS-PAGE

Concentration 1 mg/mL

Optimum pH 7.2

Optimum 25 °C

temperature

Specificity Xylans

Storage and Shipping Information

Storage This enzyme is shipped at room temperature but should be stored at -20 °C.

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