

Native Rhizopus sp. Glucoamylase

Cat. No. DIA-190

Lot. No. (See product label)

Introduction

Description Glucan 1,4-alpha-glucosidase is an enzyme located on the brush border of the small intestine with

> system name 4-alpha-D-glucan glucohydrolase. This enzyme catalyses the following chemical reaction: Hydrolysis of terminal (1->4)-linked alpha-D-glucose residues successively from non-reducing ends of the chains with release of beta-D-glucose. Most forms of the enzyme can rapidly hydrolyse 1,6-alpha-D-

glycosidic bonds when the next bond in the sequence is 1,4.

This enzyme is useful for structural investigation of carbohydrates and for enzymatic determination of α -**Applications**

amylase when coupled with the related enzymes in clinical analysis.

Synonyms EC 3.2.1.3; glucoamylase; amyloglucosidase; gamma-amylase; lysosomal alpha-glucosidase; acid

maltase; exo-1,4-alpha-glucosidase; glucose amylase; gamma-1,4-glucan glucohydrolase; acid maltase;

1,4-alpha-D-glucan glucohydrolase

Product Information

Source Rhizopus sp.

Appearance White amorphous powder (salt-free), lyophilized

Form Freeze dried powder

EC Number EC 3.2.1.3

CAS No. 9032-08-0

Molecular

approx. 70 kDa

Weight

Activity

Gradel 30U/mg-solid or more

pH Stability pH 4.0-8.5 (25°C, 20hr)

Optimum pH 4.5-5.0

Thermal

below 45°C (pH 5.5, 10min)

stability

Optimum

60°C

temperature

Michaelis

 $11\pm1.1\times10^{-4}$ M (Maltose), $3.6\pm0.51\times10^{-4}$ M (Maltotriose), $2.5\pm0.33\times10^{-4}$ M (Maltotetraose),

Constant $1.6\pm0.02\times10^{-4}M$ (Maltopentaose)

This enzyme completely hydrolyzes soluble starch, amylopectin, glycogen, α -or β -limit dextrin, amylose, Specificity

maltooligosaccharides and panose.

Storage and Shipping Information

Stability Stable at-20°C for at least 6 months

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