

## Native Candida sp. Invertase

Cat. No. DIA-205

Lot. No. (See product label)

### Introduction

#### Description

Invertase is an enzyme that catalyzes the hydrolysis (breakdown) of sucrose (table sugar). The resulting mixture of fructose and glucose is called inverted sugar syrup. Related to invertases are sucrases. Invertases and sucrases hydrolyze sucrose to give the same mixture of glucose and fructose. Invertases cleave the O-C(fructose) bond, whereas the sucrases cleave the O-C(glucose) bond.

#### Applications

This enzyme is useful for enzymatic determination of saccharose and for the structure investigation of carbohydrates containing  $\beta$ -D-fructofuranoside residue.

#### Synonyms

EC 3.2.1.26; saccharase; glucosucrase; beta-h-fructosidase; beta-fructosidase; invertin; sucrase; maxinvert L 1000; fructosylinvertase; alkaline invertase; acid invertase; beta-fructofuranosidase

### Product Information

#### Source

Candida sp.

#### Appearance

White amorphous powder, lyophilized

#### EC Number

EC 3.2.1.26

#### CAS No.

9001-57-4

#### Molecular Weight

approx. 260 kDa

#### Activity

Gradel 100U/mg-solid or more (containing approx. 70% of stabilizer)

#### pH Stability

pH 4.0-6.0 (50°C, 10min)

#### Optimum pH

3.5-4.0

#### Thermal stability

below 60°C (pH 4.5, 10min)

#### Optimum temperature

60-70°C

#### Michaelis Constant

$1.5 \times 10^{-2}$ M (Saccharose)

#### Structure

Glycoprotein containing ca. 50% of carbohydrates

#### Specificity

The enzyme hydrolyzes saccharose and raffinose, but does not hydrolyze inulin and melezitose.

#### Stabilizers

KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>

### Storage and Shipping Information

#### Stability

Stable at -20°C for at least one year